Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus

for

B.Tech. First Year
(Civil/Computer/Chemical/Electrical/Electronics/Mechanical/Textile/Carpet/)

On

Choice Based Credit System

(Effective from the Session: 2016-17)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY
LUCKNOW
# B. TECH. FIRST SEMESTER

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Sl No.</th>
<th>Subject Code</th>
<th>Subject Name</th>
<th>L-T-P</th>
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Engineering Mathematics - I

Unit - 1: Differential Calculus – I
Successive Differentiation, Leibnitz’s theorem, Limit, Continuity and Differentiability of functions of several variables, Partial derivatives, Euler’s theorem for homogeneous functions, Total derivatives, Change of variables, Curve tracing: Cartesian and Polar coordinates.

Unit - 2: Differential Calculus - II
Taylor’s and Maclaurin’s Theorem, Expansion of function of several variables, Jacobian, Approximation of errors, Extrema of functions of several variables, Lagrange’s method of multipliers (Simple applications).

Unit - 3: Matrix Algebra
Types of Matrices, Inverse of a matrix by elementary transformations, Rank of a matrix (Echelon & Normal form), Linear dependence, Consistency of linear system of equations and their solution, Characteristic equation, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Diagonalization, Complex and Unitary Matrices and its properties

Unit - 4: Multiple Integrals
Double and triple integrals, Change of order of integration, Change of variables, Application of integration to lengths, Surface areas and Volumes – Cartesian and Polar coordinates. Beta and Gamma functions, Dirichlet’s integral and its applications.

Unit - 5: Vector Calculus
Point function, Gradient, Divergence and Curl of a vector and their physical interpretations, Vector identities, Tangent and Normal, Directional derivatives. Line, Surface and Volume integrals, Applications of Green’s, Stoke’s and Gauss divergence theorems (without proof).

Text Books:

Reference Books:
3. Thomas & Finley, Calculus, Narosa Publishing House
RAS101

ENGINEERING PHYSICS-I

Unit – I: Relativistic Mechanics 08 Hrs.
Inertial & non-inertial frames, Galilean transformations, Michelson-Morley experiment, Einstein’s postulates, Lorentz transformation equations, Length contraction & Time dilation, Relativistic addition of velocities; Variation of mass with velocity, Mass energy equivalence, Concept of rest mass of photon.

Unit – II: Modern Physics 10 Hrs.

Unit – III: Wave Optics 10 Hrs.
Interference: Coherent sources, Interference in thin films (parallel and wedge shaped film), Newton’s rings and its applications.
Diffraction: Single, double and N-Slit Diffraction, Diffraction grating, Grating spectra, dispersive power, Rayleigh’s criterion and resolving power of grating.

Unit – IV: Polarization and Laser 08 Hrs.
Polarization: Phenomena of double refraction, Nicol prism, Production and analysis of plane, circular and elliptical polarized light, Retardation Plate, Optical Activity, Fresnel’s theory, Specific rotation.
Laser: Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, population inversion, Einstein’s Coefficients, Concept of 3 and 4 level Laser, Construction and working of Ruby, He-Ne lasers and laser applications.

Unit – V: Fiber Optics and Holography 06 Hrs.
Fiber Optics: Fundamental ideas about optical fiber, Propagation mechanism, Acceptance angle and cone, Numerical aperture, Single and Multi Mode Fibers, Dispersion and Attenuation.
Holography: Basic Principle of Holography, Construction and reconstruction of Image on hologram and applications of holography.

Reference Books:
2. Introduction to Special Theory of Relativity - Robert Resnick (Wiley)
3. Optics –Ajoy Ghatak ( Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd. New Delhi)
4. Optics - Brijlal & Subramanian (S. Chand )
5. Engineering Physics- C. Mani Naidu(Pearson)
7. Applied Physics for Engineers- Neeraj Mehta (PHI Learning, New
List of Experiments
Any ten experiments, at least four from each group.

**Group - A**
1. To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light by Newton’s ring.
2. To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light with the help of Fresnel’s biprism.
3. To determine the focal length of two lenses by nodal slide and locate the position of cardinal points.
4. To determine the specific rotation of cane sugar solution using polarimeter.
5. To determine the wavelength of spectral lines using plane transmission grating.
6. To study the polarization of light by simple reflection using laser.

**Group – B**
8. To determine the specific resistance of a given wire using Carey Foster’s bridge.
9. To study the variation of magnetic field along the axis of current carrying - Circular coil and then to estimate the radius of the coil.
10. To verify Stefan’s Law by electrical method.
11. To calibrate the given ammeter and voltmeter by potentiometer.
12. To study the Hall effect and determine Hall coefficient, carrier density and - mobility of a given semiconductor using Hall effect set up.
13. To determine the energy band gap of a given semiconductor material.
14. To determine E.C.E. of copper using Tangent or Helmholtz galvanometer.
15. To draw hysteresis curve of a given sample of ferromagnetic material and from - this to determine magnetic susceptibility and permeability of the given specimen.
16. To determine the ballistic constant of a ballistic galvanometer.
17. To determine the coefficient of viscosity of a liquid.
18. Measurement of fiber attenuation and aperture of fiber.
19. High resistance by leakage method.
20. Magnetic Susceptibility of paramagnetic solution.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Content</th>
<th>Hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit-2</td>
<td>Polymers: Basic concepts of polymer-blends and composites. Conducting and biodegradable polymers. Preparations and applications of some industrially important polymers(Buna N, Buna S, Neoprene, Nylon 6, Nylon 6.6, Terylene). General methods of synthesis of organometallic compound (Grignard Reagent) and their applications in polymerization.</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unit-3</td>
<td>Electrochemistry: Galvanic cell, electrode potential, Lead storage battery. Corrosion, causes and its prevention. Setting and hardening of cement, applications of cement. Plaster of paris. Lubricants- Classification, mechanism and applications.</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unit-4</td>
<td>Hardness of water. Disadvantage of hard water. Boiler troubles, Techniques for water softening; Lime-soda, Zeolite, Ion exchange resin, Reverse osmosis. Phase Rule and its application to water system.</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unit-5</td>
<td>Fuels; Classification of fuels. Analysis of Coal. Determination of Calorific values (bomb calorimeter &amp; Dulong’s method). Biogas. Elementary ideas and simple applications of UV, Visible, IR and H\textsuperscript{1}NMR spectral Techniques.</td>
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**Textbook**
1. Chemistry for Engineers, by S. Vairam and Suba Ramesh; Wiley India

**Reference Books**
1. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Dr. Gopal Krishna Bhatt, Acme Publishers
2. Chemistry (9th ed), by Raymond Chang, Tata McGraw-Hill
3. Chemistry Concepts and Applications by Steven S. Zumdahl; Cengage Learning
4. Engineering Chemistry, Wiley India
5. Engineering Chemistry Author: Abhijit Mallick, Viva Books
6. Text Book of Engineering Chemistry by Harsh Malhotra; Sonali Publications
7. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee; Wiley India
8. Organic Chemistry (6 ed) by Morrison & Boyd; Pearson Education
9. Physical Chemistry by Gordon M. Barrow; Mc-Graw Hill
11. Atkins’ Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins & Julio De Paula; Oxford University Press
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Determination of alkalinity in the given water sample.
2. Determination of temporary and permanent hardness in water sample using EDTA.
3. Determination of available chlorine in bleaching powder.
4. Determination of chloride content in water sample.
5. Determination of iron content in the given solution by Mohr’s method.
6. pH-metric titration.
7. Viscosity of an addition polymer like polyester by viscometer.
8. Determination of iron concentration in sample of water by colorimetric method. The method involves the use of KCN as a chelating agent and the measurements are carried out at 480nm.
10. Preparation of Bakelite and Urea formaldehyde resin.

Note: Institute can replace two experiments from the aforesaid experiments as per
## ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Topics</th>
<th>Lectures</th>
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</thead>
</table>

### Text Books:

Reference Books:

UNIT-I:
**Force System:** Force, Parallelogram Law, Lami’s theorem, Principle of Transmissibility of forces. Moment of a force, Couple, Varignon’s theorem, Resolution of a force into a force and a couple. Resultant of coplanar force system. Equilibrium of coplanar force system, Free body diagrams, Determination of reactions.

**Concept of Centre of Gravity and Centroid and Area Moment of Inertia:** Perpendicular axis theorem and Parallel axis theorem

UNIT-II:
**Plane Truss:** Perfect and imperfect truss, Assumptions and Analysis of Plane Truss by Method of joints and Method of section.

**Beams:** Types of beams, Statically Determinate Beams, Shear force and bending moment in beams, Shear force and bending moment diagrams, Relationships between load, shear and bending moment.

UNIT-III:
**Simple stress and strain:** Normal and shear stresses. One Dimensional Loading; members of varying cross section, bars in series. Tensile Test diagram for ductile and brittle materials, Elastic constants, Strain energy.

**Bending (Flexural) Stresses:** theory of pure bending, neutral surface and neutral axis, stresses in beams of different cross sections.

**Engineering Materials:** Importance of engineering materials, classification, mechanical properties and applications of Ferrous, Nonferrous and composite materials.

UNIT-IV:
**Basic Concepts and Definitions of Thermodynamics:** Introduction and definition of thermodynamics, Microscopic and Macroscopic approaches, System, surrounding and universe, Concept of continuum, Thermodynamic equilibrium, Thermodynamic properties, path, process and cycle, Quasi static process, Energy and its forms, Work and heat. Thermodynamic definition of work.

**Zeroth law of thermodynamics:** Temperature and its’ measurement.

**First law of thermodynamics:** First law of thermodynamics, Internal energy and enthalpy. First law analysis for non-flow processes. Non-flow work Steady flow energy equation; Boilers, Condensers, Turbine, Throttling process, Pumps etc.

UNIT-V:
**Second law:** Thermal reservoir, Kelvin Planck statement, Heat engines, Efficiency; Clausius’ statement Heat pump, refrigerator, Coefficient of Performance. Carnot cycle, Carnot theorem and it’s corollaries. Clausius inequality, Concept of Entropy.

**Properties of pure substances:** P-v, T-s and h-s diagram, dryness fraction and steam tables. Rankine Cycle.

**Internal Combustion Engines:** Classification of I.C. Engines and their parts, working principle and comparison between 2 Stroke and 4 stroke engine, difference between SI and CI engines. P-v and T-s diagrams of Otto and Diesel cycles, comparison of efficiency.
Books & References:

3. Strength of Materials by Thimoshenko & Young
6. Thermodynamics An Engineering Approach by Cengel & Boles, McGraw Hill
7. Engineering Thermodynamics by P. Chattopadhyay, OXFORD Publication
9. An Introduction to Mechanical Engineering by Wickert & Lewis, Cengage Learning
12. Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering by Sawhney, PHI
13. Basic Mechanical Engineering by Pravin Kumar, Pearson
14. Basic Mechanical Engineering by Agrawal & Agrawal, Wiley
15. Elements of Mechanical Engineering by Singh, Anne Books Pvt Ltd
16. Elements of Workshop Technology by Hajra Choudhary Media Promoter
Note: Any 10 experiments (Minimum of 3 from each module) are to be conducted

Module 1:
1. To conduct the tensile test and determine the ultimate tensile strength, percentage elongation for a mild steel specimen.
2. To conduct the Impact-tests (Izod / Charpy) on Impact-testing machine to find the Impact Strength of the specimen.
3. To determine the hardness of the given specimen using Vicker/Brinell/Rockwell hardness testing machine.
4. To conduct experiment on Torsion of Rod/wire.

Module 2:
1. To Study the working of 2 stroke Diesel/Petrol engine.
2. To Study and working of 4 stroke Petrol/Diesel engine.
3. To Study the model of Babcock and Wilcox and Lancashire boiler.
4. To Study various types of Mounting and Accessories of Boilers.

Module 3:
1. To verify the parallelogram, and Triangle law.
2. To verify the polygon law of force.
3. To determine the coefficient of friction on inclined surface.
4. To determine the efficiency and Mechanical Advantage of Worm & Worm-wheel.
5. To conduct experiment on Force Analysis on simple truss and Jib-crane Apparatus.
6. To conduct friction experiment on screw-jack.
COURSE OUTCOMES

1. Solve and analyze the DC & AC electrical circuits using KVL/KCL and network theorems.
2. Solve and analyze the behavior of AC electrical circuits and resonance.
3. Apply the concepts of measurements in measuring electrical quantities.
4. Solve and analyze the behavior of magnetic circuits and demonstrate the working of single phase transformers, auto-transformer and their applications.
5. Demonstrate the working principles of basic electrical machines including DC as well as AC machines and identify the type of electrical machine used for a particular application.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Unit-I : Electrical Circuit Analysis:

Introduction, Circuit Concepts: Concepts of network, Active and passive elements, Voltage and current sources, Concept of linearity and linear network, Unilateral and bilateral elements, Source transformation, Kirchhoff’s laws, Loop and nodal methods of analysis, Star-delta transformation,

AC fundamentals: Sinusoidal, square and triangular waveforms – Average and effective values, Form and peak factors, Concept of phasors, phasor representation of sinusoidally varying voltage and current.

Unit-II: Steady-State Analysis of Single Phase AC Circuits:

Analysis of series and parallel RLCCircuits, Concept of Resonance in series & parallel circuits, bandwidth and quality factor; Apparent, active & reactive powers, Power factor, Concept of power factor improvement and its improvement (Simple numerical problems)

Network theorems (AC & DC with independent sources): Superposition theorem, Thevenin’s theorem, Norton’s theorem, Maximum Power Transfer theorem (Simple numerical problems)

Unit-III : Three Phase AC Circuits:

Three phase system-its necessity and advantages, Star and delta connections, Balanced supply and balanced load, Line and phase voltage/current relations, Three-phase power and its measurement (simple numerical problems).
**Measuring Instruments:** Types of instruments, Construction and working principles of PMMC and moving iron type voltmeters & ammeters, Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, Use of shunts and multipliers (Simple numerical problems on shunts and multipliers)

**Unit-IV: Magnetic Circuit:** Magnetic circuit concepts, analogy between electric & magnetic circuits, B-H curve, Hysteresis and eddy current losses, Magnetic circuit calculations (Series & Parallel).

**Single Phase Transformer:** Principle of operation, Construction, EMF equation, Equivalent circuit, Power losses, Efficiency (Simple numerical problems), Introduction to auto transformer.

**Unit-V: Electrical Machines:**

**DC machines:** Principle & Construction, Types, EMF equation of generator and torque equation of motor, applications of DC motors (simple numerical problems)

**Three Phase Induction Motor:** Principle & Construction, Types, Slip-torque characteristics, Applications (Numerical problems related to slip only)

**Single Phase Induction motor:** Principle of operation and introduction to methods of starting, applications.

**Three Phase Synchronous Machines:** Principle of operation of alternator and synchronous motor and their applications.

**Text Books:**

3. “Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering”, B Dwivedi, A Tripathi; Wiley India
4. “Principles of Electrical Engineering”, V. Del Toro,; Prentice Hall International
5. “Electrical Engineering”, J. B. Gupta, Kataria and Sons

**Reference Books:**

1. “Electrical and Electronics Technology”, Edward Hughes; Pearson
3. “Basic Electrical Engineering”, C L Wadhwa; New Age International
REE 151/REE251

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student should be able

- Conduct experiments illustrating the application of KVL/KCL and network theorems to DC electrical circuits.
- Demonstrate the working of various measuring instruments like ammeter, voltmeter, wattmeter, energy meter etc.
- Conduct experiments illustrating the working of magnetic circuits, single phase transformers and auto-transformers.
- Conduct experiments illustrating the behavior of DC and AC machines and identify the type of electric machine used for a particular application.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Note: A minimum of ten experiments from the following should be performed

1. Verification of Kirchhoff’s laws
2. Verification of Superposition theorem
3. Verification of Thevenin’s Theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.
4. Measurement of power and power factor in a single phase ac series inductive circuit and study improvement of power factor using capacitor
5. Study of phenomenon of resonance in RLC series circuit and obtain resonant frequency.
6. Connection and measurement of power consumption of a fluorescent lamp (tube light).
7. Measurement of power in 3-phase circuit by two wattmeter method and determination of its power factor for star as well as delta connected load.
8. Determination of parameters of ac single phase series RLC circuit
9. To observe the B-H loop of a ferromagnetic material in CRO.
10. Determination of (i) Voltage ratio (ii) polarity and (iii) efficiency by load test of a single phase transformer
11. Determination of efficiency of a dc shunt motor by load test
12. To study running and speed reversal of a three phase induction motor and record speed in both directions.
RCS101/RCS201

Computer System and Programming in C

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Unit1:
(10 Lectures)

**Basics of Computer:** Introduction to digital computer, basic operations of computer, functional components of computer, Classification of computers.

**Introduction to operating system:** [DOS, Windows, Linux and Android] purpose, function, services and types.

**Number system:** Binary, octal and hexadecimal number systems, their mutual conversions, Binary arithmetic.

**Basics of programming:** Approaches to Problem Solving, Concept of algorithm and flow charts, Types of computer languages:- Machine Language, Assembly Language and High Level Language, Concept of Assembler, Compiler, Loader and Linker.

Unit2:
(8 Lectures)

Standard I/O in “C”, **Fundamental data types**- Character type, integer, short, long, unsigned, single and double floating point, Storage classes- automatic, register, static and external, Operators and expression using numeric and relational operators, mixed operands, type conversion, logical operators, bit operations, assignment operator, operator precedence and associatively.

**Fundamentals of C programming:** Structure of C program, writing and executing the first C program, Components of C language. Standard I/O in C.

Unit3:
(10 Lectures)

**Conditional program execution:** Applying if and switch statements, nesting if and else, use of break and default with switch, program loops and iterations: use of while, do while and for loops, multiple loop variables, use of break and continue statements.

**Functions:** Introduction, types of functions, functions with array, passing values to functions, recursive functions.

Unit 4:
(6 Lectures)

**Arrays:** Array notation and representation, manipulating array elements, using multi dimensional arrays. Structure, union, enumerated data types

Unit 5:
(8 Lectures)

**Pointers:** Introduction, declaration, applications File handling, standard C preprocessors, defining and calling macros, conditional compilation, passing values to the compiler.

Reference:

1. The C programming by Kernighan Brain W. and Ritchie Dennis M., Pearson Education.
RCS151/RCS251

Computer Programming Lab

1. WAP that accepts the marks of 5 subjects and finds the sum and percentage marks obtained by the student.
2. WAP that calculates the Simple Interest and Compound Interest. The Principal, Amount, Rate of Interest and Time are entered through the keyboard.
3. WAP to calculate the area and circumference of a circle.
4. WAP that accepts the temperature in Centigrade and converts into Fahrenheit using the formula C/5 = (F-32)/9.
5. WAP that swaps values of two variables using a third variable.
6. WAP that checks whether the two numbers entered by the user are equal or not.
7. WAP to find the greatest of three numbers.
8. WAP that finds whether a given number is even or odd.
9. WAP that tells whether a given year is a leap year or not.
10. WAP that accepts marks of five subjects and finds percentage and prints grades according to the following criteria:
    Between 90-100%-----------Print ‘A’
    80-90%-------------------------Print ‘B’
    60-80%---------------------------Print ‘C’
    Below 60%----------------------Print ‘D’
11. WAP that takes two operands and one operator from the user and perform the operation and prints the result by using Switch statement.
12. WAP to print the sum of all numbers up to a given number.
13. WAP to find the factorial of a given number.
14. WAP to print sum of even and odd numbers from 1 to N numbers.
15. WAP to print the Fibonacci series.
16. WAP to check whether the entered number is prime or not.
17. WAP to find the sum of digits of the entered number.
18. WAP to find the reverse of a number.
19. WAP to print Armstrong numbers from 1 to 100.
20. WAP to convert binary number into decimal number and vice versa.
21. WAP that simply takes elements of the array from the user and finds the sum of these elements.
22. WAP that inputs two arrays and saves sum of corresponding elements of these arrays in a third array and prints them.
23. WAP to find the minimum and maximum element of the array.
24. WAP to search an element in a array using Linear Search.
25. WAP to sort the elements of the array in ascending order using Bubble Sort technique.
26. WAP to add and multiply two matrices of order nxn.
27. WAP that finds the sum of diagonal elements of a mnxn matrix.
28. WAP to implement strlen(), strcat(), strcpy() using the concept of Functions.
23
29. Define a structure data type TRAIN_INFO. The type contain Train No.: integer type Train name: string Departure Time: aggregate type TIME Arrival Time : aggregate type TIME Start station: string End station : string The structure type Time contains two integer members: hour and minute. Maintain a train timetable and implement the following operations:
(i) List all the trains (sorted according to train number) that depart from a particular section.
(ii) List all the trains that depart from a particular station at a particular time.
(iii) List all the trains that depart from a particular station within the next one hour of a given time.
(iv) List all the trains between a pair of start station and end station.
30. WAP to swap two elements using the concept of pointers.
31. WAP to compare the contents of two files and determine whether they are same or not.
32. WAP to check whether a given word exists in a file or not. If yes then find the number of times it occurs.
# Professional Communication

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Contents</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unit-I Fundamentals of Communications</td>
<td>Technical Communication: features: Distinction between General And Technical Communication; Language as a tool of communications; Levels of communication: Interpersonal, Organizational, Mass communication; The flow of communication: Downward, Upward, Lateral/Horizontal (Peer group) : Importance of technical communication; Barriers to Communication.</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Unit-II Written Communication</td>
<td>Words and Phrases: Word formation, Synonyms and Antonyms; Homophones; Select vocabulary of about 500-1000 New words; correct Usage: all Parts of Speech; Modals; Concord; Articles; Infinitives; Transformation of sentences; Requisites f Sentence Construction: Paragraph Development: Techniques and Methods-Inductive, Deductive, Spatial , Linear, Chronological etc.</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Unit-III Business Communication</td>
<td>Principles, Sales &amp; Credit letters; Claim and Adjustment Letters; Job Application and Resumes. Reports: Types; Significance; Structure, Style &amp; Writing of Reports. Technical Proposal; Parts; Types; Writing of Proposal; Significance; Negotiation skills.</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Unit-IV Presentation Strategies and Soft Skills.</td>
<td>Nuances and Modes of Delivery; Body Language; Dimensions of Speech: Syllable; Accent; Pitch; Rhythm; Intonation; Paralinguistic features of voice; Interpersonal communication: Definition: Types; Team work; Attitude; Way to improve Attitude Listening Skills : Types; Methods for improving Listening Skills.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 5 | Unit –V Value- Based Text Readings | Following essays from the prescribed text book with emphasis on Mechanics of writing.  
(i) Humanistic and Scientific Approaches to Human Activity by Moody E. Prior  
(ii) The Language of Literature and Science by A. Huxley  
(iii) Man and Nature by J. Bronowski  
(iv) Science and Survival by Barry Commoner  
(v) The Mother of the Sciences by A.J. Bahm. |
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RAS154/RAS254

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION LABORATORY PRACTICALS

Interactive and Communicative Practical with emphasis on Oral Presentation/Spoken Communication based on International Phonetic Alphabets (I.P.A)

LIST OF PRACTICALS

1. Group Discussion: Practical based on Accurate and Current Grammatical Patterns.
2. Conversational skills for Interviews under suitable Professional Communication Lab conditions with emphasis on Kinesics.
3. Communication Skills for Seminars/Conferences/Workshops with emphasis on Paralinguistics / Kinesics.
4. Presentation Skills of Technical Paper/Project Reports/Professional Reports based on proper Stress and Intonation Mechanics.
5. Official /Public Speaking based on Rhythmic Patterns.
6. Theme-Presentation /Key-Note Presentation based on correct argumentation methodologies.
7. Individual Speech Delivery/Conferences with skills to defend Interjections/Quizzes.
8. Argumentative Skills/Role Play Presentation with Stress and Intonation.
9. Comprehensions Skills based on Reading and Listening Practicals on a model Audio-Visual Usage.

Reference Books

RME-152/RME-252: WORKSHOP PRACTICE

1. Carpentry Shop:
   (a) Study of tools & operations and carpentry joints.
   (b) Simple exercise using jack plane.
   (c) To prepare half-lap corner joint, mortise & tenon joints.
   (d) Simple exercise on woodworking lathe.

2. Fitting (Bench Working) Shop:
   (a) Study of tools & operations
   (b) Simple exercises involving fitting work.
   (c) Make perfect male female joint.
   (d) Simple exercises involving drilling/tapping/dieing.

3. Black Smithy Shop:
   (a) Study of tools & operations
   (b) Simple exercises based on blacksmith operations such as upsetting, drawing down, punching, bending, fullering & swaging.

4. Welding Shop:
   (a) Study of tools & operations of Gas welding & Arc welding
   (b) Simple butt and Lap welded joints.
   (c) Oxy-acetylene flame cutting.

5. Sheet-metal Shop:
   (a) Study of tools & operations.
   (b) Making Funnel complete with ‘soldering’.
   (c) Fabrication of tool-box, tray, electric panel box etc.

6. Machine Shop:
   (a) Study of Single point cutting tool, machine tools and operations.
   (b) Planet turning.
   (c) Step turning
   (d) Taper turning.
   (e) Threading

7. Foundry Shop:
   (a) Study of tools & operations
   (b) Pattern making.
   (c) Mould making with the use of a core.
   (d) Casting
Introduction
Drawing Instruments and their uses, BIS conventions, Lettering, Dimensioning line conventions and free hand practicing, AUTO CAD, layout of the software, standard tool bar/menus and description of most commonly used tool bars, navigational tools. Co-ordinate system and reference planes. Definitions of HP, VP, RPP & LPP. Creation of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, Co-ordinate points, axes, poly-lines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet, curves, constraints.

2 – Sheets Orthographic Projections
Introduction, Definitions - Planes of projection, reference line and conventions employed. Projections of points in all the four quadrants, Projections of straight lines (located in First quadrant/first angle only), True and apparent lengths, True and apparent inclinations to reference planes

2 – Sheets Orthographic Projections of Plane Surfaces (First Angle Projection Only)
Introduction, Definitions – projections of plane surfaces – triangle, square, rectangle, rhombus, pentagon, hexagon and circle, planes in different positions by change of position method only.

1 – Sheet Projections of Solids (First Angle Projection Only)
Introduction, Definitions – Projections of right regular tetrahedron, hexahedron (cube), prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones in different positions.

2-Sheets Sections And Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids
Introduction, Section planes, Sections, Section views, Sectional views, Apparent shapes and True shapes of Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with base on HP.

1 – Sheet Isometric Projection (Using Isometric Scale Only)
Introduction, Isometric scale, Isometric projection of simple plane figures, Isometric projection of tetrahedron, hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones, spheres, cut spheres.

Text Books

Reference Books
Unit - 1: Ordinary Differential Equations
Linear differential equations of \( n^{th} \) order with constant coefficients, Complementary function and Particular integral, Simultaneous linear differential equations, Solution of second order differential equations by changing dependent & independent variables, Method of variation of parameters, Applications to engineering problems (without derivation).

Unit - 2: Series Solution and Special Functions
Series solution of second order ordinary differential equations with variable coefficient (Frobenius method), Bessel and Legendre equations and their series solutions, Properties of Bessel function and Legendre polynomials.

Unit - 3: Laplace Transform
Laplace transform, Existence theorem, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, Initial and final value theorems, Unit step function, Dirac- delta function, Laplace transform of periodic function, Inverse Laplace transform, Convolution theorem, Application to solve simple linear and simultaneous differential equations.

Unit - 4: Fourier Series and Partial Differential Equations
Periodic functions, Dirichlet’s Conditions, Fourier series of arbitrary periods, Euler’s Formulae, Even and odd functions, Half range sine and cosine series, Gibbs Phenomena.
Solution of first order Lagrange’s linear partial differential equations, Second order linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients.

Unit - 5: Applications of Partial Differential Equations
Classification of second order partial differential equations, Method of separation of variables for solving partial differential equations, Solution of one and two dimensional wave and heat conduction equations, Laplace equation in two dimension, Equation of transmission lines.

Text Books:

Reference Books:
3. Chandrika Prasad, Advanced Mathematics for Engineers, Prasad Mudranalaya
Unit – I: Crystal Structures and X-ray Diffraction 10Hrs.
Space lattice, basis, Unit cell, Lattice parameter, Seven crystal systems and Fourteen Bravais lattices, Co-ordination number, Atomic radius and Packing factor of different cubic structures, Crystal structure of NaCl and diamond, Lattice planes and Miller Indices, Diffraction of X-rays by crystal, Laue’s experiment, Bragg’s Law, Bragg’s spectrometer. Compton Effect.

Unit – II: Dielectric and Magnetic Properties of Materials 10Hrs.
Dielectric Properties: Dielectric constant and Polarization of dielectric materials, Relation between E, D and P, Types of Polarization (Polarizability). Equation of internal fields in liquid and solid (One-Dimensional), Clausius-Mossotti equation, Frequency dependence of dielectric constant, Dielectric Losses, Important applications of dielectric material, Ferroelectricity, Piezoelectricity.
Magnetic Properties: Magnetization, Origin of magnetic moment, Dia, para and ferromagnetism, Langevin’s theory for diamagnetic material, Phenomena of hysteresis and its applications.

Unit – III: Electromagnetic Theory 06 Hrs.
Equation of continuity, Maxwell’s Equations (Integral and Differential Forms) and its derivations, Displacement Current, Poynting vector and Poynting theorem, EM - Wave equation and its propagation characteristics in free space, non-conducting and conducting media, energy density of electromagnetic wave, Skin depth.

Unit – IV: Band Theory of Solids 06 Hrs.
Free electron Theory, Formation of bands in Solids, Classification of solids on band theory, Density of states, Fermi-Dirac distribution, Concept of effective mass, Charge carrier density (electrons and holes), Conductivity of semiconductors, carrier concentrations Fermi energy, Position of Fermi level in intrinsic and in extrinsic semiconductors. Temperature dependence of conductivity in semiconductors.

Unit – V: Physics of some technologically important Materials 08Hrs.
Superconductors: Temperature dependence of resistivity in superconducting materials, Effect of magnetic field (Meissner effect), Temperature dependence of critical field, London equations, Josephson theory, persistent currents, Type I and Type II superconductors, BCS theory (Qualitative), High temperature superconductors and Applications of Super-conductors.

Reference books:
1. Concept of Modern Physics - by Beiser (Tata Mc-Graw Hill)
3. Materials Science and Engineering - by V. Raghavan (Prentice- Hall India)
5. Introduction to Electrodynamics - by David J. Griffith (PH I)
6. Engineering Physics - C. Mani Naidu (Pearson)
7. Applied Physics for Engineers - Neeraj Mehta (PHI Learning, New Delhi)