EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS
FOR
B. TECH 2nd YEAR
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
(Automobile Engineering)

On
AICTE Model Curriculum

(EFFECTIVE FROM THE SESSION: 2019-20)
### SEMESTER- III

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<th>Sl. No.</th>
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*The Mini Project or internship (3-4 weeks) conducted during summer break after II semester and will be assessed during III semester.

### SEMESTER- IV

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Objectives:
- To learn about work and heat interactions, and balance of energy between system and its surroundings.
- To learn about application of I law to various energy conversion devices.
- To evaluate the changes in properties of substances in various processes.
- To understand the difference between high grade and low-grade energies and II law limitations on energy conversion.

UNIT I
Review of Fundamental Concepts and Definitions:

Zeroth law of thermodynamics: Concept of Temperature and its measurement, Temperature scales.

First law of thermodynamics: First Law for Flow Processes - Derivation of general energy equation for a control volume; Steady state steady flow processes including throttling; Examples of steady flow devices; Unsteady processes; examples of steady and unsteady I law applications for system and control volume. Limitations of first law of thermodynamics, PMM-I. Steady flow systems and their analysis, Steady flow energy equation, Boilers, Condensers, Turbine, Throttling process, Pumps etc.

UNIT II

Entropy: Clausius inequality, Concept of Entropy, Entropy change of pure substance in different thermodynamic processes, Tds equation, Principle of entropy increase, T-S diagram, Statement of the third law of thermodynamics.

UNIT III
Availability and Irreversibility: Available and unavailable energy, Availability and Irreversibility, Second law efficiency, Helmholtz & Gibb’s function.

Thermodynamic relations: Conditions for exact differentials. Maxwell relations, Clapeyron equation, Joule-Thompson coefficient and Inversion curve. Coefficient of volume expansion, Adiabatic and Isothermal compressibility.

UNIT IV
Properties of steam and Rankine cycle: Pure substance, Property of Pure Substance (steam), Triple point, Critical point, Saturation states, Subcooled liquid state, Superheated vapour state, Phase transformation process of water, Graphical
representation of pressure, volume and temperature, P-T, P-V and P-h diagrams, T-S and H-S diagrams, use of property diagram, Steam-Tables &Moller chart, Dryness factor and its measurement, processes involving steam in closed and open systems. Simple Rankine cycle.

**Air-water vapour mixture and Psychrometry:** Psychrometric terms and their definitions, Psychometric chart, Different Psychometric processes and their representation on Psychometric chart.

**UNIT V**

**Refrigeration Cycles:**

**Course Outcomes:**
- After completing this course, the students will be able to apply energy balance to systems and control volumes, in situations involving heat and work interactions.
- Students can evaluate changes in thermodynamic properties of substances.
- The students will be able to evaluate the performance of energy conversion devices.
- The students will be able to differentiate between high grade and low-grade energies.

**Books and References:**
1. Basic and Applied Thermodynamics by PK Nag, MCGRAW HILL INDIA.
3. Thermodynamics by Shavit and Gutfinger, CRC Press.
4. Thermodynamics - An Engineering Approach by Cengel, MCGRAW HILL INDIA.
5. Basic Engineering Thermodynamics, Joel, Pearson.
6. Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics by Rathakrishnan, PHI.
13. Refrigeration and Air Conditioning by C P Arora, MCGRAW HILL INDIA.
Objectives:
- To learn about the application of mass and momentum conservation laws for fluid flows.
- To understand the importance of dimensional analysis.
- To obtain the velocity and pressure variations in various types of simple flows.
- To analyze the flow in water pumps and turbines.

UNIT-I
Definition of fluid, Newton’s law of viscosity, Units and dimensions-Properties of fluids, mass density, specific volume, specific gravity, viscosity, compressibility and surfactant flow, Bernoulli’s equation and its applications - Pitot tube, orifice meter, venturi meter and bend meter, notches and weirs, momentum equation and its application to pipe bends.

UNIT-II
Continuum & free molecular flows. Steady and unsteady, uniform and non-uniform, laminar and turbulent flows, rotational and irrotational flows, compressible and incompressible flows, subsonic, sonic and supersonic flows, sub-critical, critical and supercritical flows, one, two- and three-dimensional flows, streamlines, continuity equation for 3D and 1D flows, circulation, stream function and velocity potential. Buckingham’s Pi theorem, important dimensionless numbers and their significance.

UNIT-III
Equation of motion for laminar flow through pipes, turbulent flow, isotropic, homogenous turbulence, scale and intensity of turbulence, measurement of turbulence, eddy viscosity, resistance to flow, minor losses, pipe in series and parallel, power transmission through a pipe, siphon, water hammer, three reservoir problems and pipe networks.

UNIT-IV
Introduction to hydrodynamic thrust of jet on a fixed and moving surface, Classification of turbines, Impulse turbines, Constructional details, Velocity triangles, Power and efficiency calculations, Governing of Pelton wheel. Francis and Kaplan turbines, Constructional details, Velocity triangles, Power and efficiency Principles of similarity, Unit and specific speed, Performance characteristics, Selection of water turbines.

UNIT-V
Classifications of centrifugal pumps, Vector diagram, Work done by impellor, Efficiencies of centrifugal pumps, Specific speed, Cavitation & separation, Performance characteristics. Reciprocating pump theory, Slip, Indicator diagram, Effect of acceleration, air vessels, Comparison of centrifugal and reciprocating pumps, Performance characteristics.

Course Outcomes:
- Upon completion of this course, students will be able to mathematically analyze simple flow situations.
- They will be able to evaluate the performance of pumps and turbines.

Books and References:
1. Introduction to fluid mechanics and Fluid machines by S.K Som, Gautam Biswas, S Chakraborty.
2. Fluid mechanics and machines by R.K Bansal.
5. Fluid Mechanics by Yunus Cengel.
Objectives:
- Understanding of the correlation between the internal structure of materials, their mechanical properties and various methods to quantify their mechanical integrity and failure criteria.
- To provide a detailed interpretation of equilibrium phase diagrams.
- Learning about different phases and heat treatment methods to tailor the properties of Fe-C alloys.

UNIT-I
Crystal Structure: Unit cells, Metallic crystal structures, Ceramics. Imperfection in solids: Point, line, interfacial and volume defects; dislocation strengthening mechanisms and slip systems, critically resolved shear stress. Mechanical Property measurement: Tensile, compression and torsion tests; Young’s modulus, relations between true and engineering stress-strain curves, generalized Hooke’s law, yielding and yield strength, ductility, resilience, toughness and elastic recovery; Hardness: Rockwell, Brinell and Vickers and their relation to strength.

UNIT-II
Static failure theories: Ductile and brittle failure mechanisms, Tresca, Von-mises, Maximum normal stress, Mohr-Coulomb and Modified Mohr-Coulomb; Fracture mechanics: Introduction to Stress-intensity factor approach and Griffith criterion. Fatigue failure: High cycle fatigue, Stress-life approach, SN curve, endurance and fatigue limits, effects of mean stress using the Modified Goodman diagram; Fracture with fatigue, Introduction to non-destructive testing (NDT).

UNIT-III
Alloys, substitutional and interstitial solid solutions- Phase diagrams: Interpretation of binary phase diagrams and microstructure development; eutectic, peritectic, peritectoid and monotectic reactions. Iron-iron carbide phase diagram and microstructural aspects of ledeburite, austenite, ferrite and cementite, cast iron.

UNIT-IV

UNIT-V
Alloying of steel, properties of stainless steel and tool steels, maraging steels- cast irons; grey, white, malleable and spheroidal cast irons- copper and copper alloys; brass, bronze and cupro-nickel; Aluminium and Al-Cu – Mg alloys- Nickel based superalloys and Titanium alloys.

Course Outcomes:
- Student will be able to identify crystal structures for various materials and understand the defects in such structures.
- Understand how to tailor material properties of ferrous and non-ferrous alloys.
- How to quantify mechanical integrity and failure in materials.

Books and References:
FLUID MECHANICS LAB

L-T-P
0-0-2

Objectives:
- To understand the principles and performance characteristics of flow and thermal devices.
- To know about the measurement of the fluid properties.

List of Experiments: (At least 8 of the following)
1. To determine the coefficient of impact for vanes.
2. To determine coefficient of discharge of an orifice meter.
3. To determine the coefficient of discharge of Notch (V and Rectangular types).
4. To determine the friction factor for the pipes.
5. To determine the coefficient of discharge of venturi meter.
6. To determine the coefficient of discharge, contraction & velocity of an orifice.
7. To verify the Bernoulli’s Theorem.
8. To find critical Reynolds number for a pipe flow.
9. To determine the meta-centric height of a floating body.
10. To determine the minor losses due to sudden enlargement, sudden contraction and bends.
11. To show the velocity and pressure variation with radius in a forced vertex flow.

Course Outcomes:
The students who have undergone the course will be able to measure various properties of fluids and characterize the performance of fluid/thermal machinery.
MATERIAL TESTING LAB

Objectives:
- To understand the principles and performance characteristics different materials.
- To know about material properties.

List of Experiments: (At least 8 of the following)
1. Strength test of a given mild steel specimen on UTM with full details and stress versus strain plot on the machine.
2. Other tests such as shear, bend tests on UTM.
3. Impact test on impact testing machine like Charpy, Izod or both.
5. Spring index test on spring testing machine.
6. Fatigue test on fatigue testing machine.
7. Creep test on creep testing machine.
8. Experiment on deflection of beam, comparison of actual measurement of deflection with dial gauge to the calculated one, and or evaluation of young’s modulus of beam.
10. Study of NDT (non-destructive testing) methods like magnetic flaw detector, ultrasonic flaw detector, eddy current testing machine, dye penetrant tests.

Course Outcomes:
The students who have undergone the course will be able to measure various properties of materials.

COMPUTER AIDED MACHINE DRAWING-I LAB

Objectives:
To provide an overview of how computers can be utilized in mechanical component design.

UNIT-I
Introduction (1 drawing sheets)
Introduction, classification of machine drawings, principles of drawing, conventional representation of machine components and materials, lines, types of lines, dimensioning types, lines and rules of dimensioning.

Orthographic Projections (3 drawing sheets)
Introduction to orthographic projection, concept of first angle and third angle projection, drawing of simple machine elements in first angle projection, missing line problems, principle of visualization of objects, sectional views, full and half sectional views, auxiliary views.

UNIT-II
Fasteners (2 drawing sheets)
Temporary and permanent fasteners, thread nomenclature and forms, thread series, designation, representation of threads, bolted joints, locking arrangement of nuts, screws, washers, foundation bolts etc., keys, types of keys, cotter and knuckle joints.

UNIT-III
Riveted joints (1 drawing sheet)
Introduction, rivets and riveting, types of rivets, types of riveted joints, drawing of boiler joints etc.

**Free hand sketching** (1 drawing sheet)
Introduction, Need for free hand sketching, Free hand sketching of foundation bolts, studs, pulleys, couplings etc.

**UNIT-IV**

**Assembly drawing** (2 drawing sheets)
Introduction to assembly drawing, drawing assembly drawing of simple machine elements like rigid or flexible coupling, muff coupling, Plummer block, footstep bearing, bracket etc.

**UNIT-V**

**Computer aided drafting** (1 drawing)
Introduction to computer aided drafting; advantages and applications of CAD, concepts of computer aided 2D drafting using any drafting software like AutoCAD, Solid Edge, Draft Sight etc., basic draw and modify commands, making 2D drawings of simple machine parts.

**Course Outcomes:**
Upon completion of this course, the students can use computer and CAD software for modelling mechanical components.

**Books and References:**
8. AutoCAD 2014 for Engineers & Designers, Bhatt, WILEY.
Objectives:
- To learn about the first law for reacting systems and heating value of fuels.
- To learn about gas and vapor cycles and their first law and second law efficiencies.
- To understand about the properties of dry and wet air and the principles of psychrometry.
- To learn about gas dynamics of air flow and steam through nozzles.
- To learn about reciprocating compressors with and without intercooling.
- To analyze the performance of steam turbines.

UNIT I
Introduction to solid, liquid and gaseous fuels– Stoichiometry, exhaust gas analysis- First law analysis of combustion reactions- Heat calculations using enthalpy tables- Adiabatic flame temperature- Chemical equilibrium and equilibrium composition calculations using free energy.

UNIT II
Vapour Power cycles:
Vapor power cycles Rankine cycle with superheat, reheat and regeneration, exergy analysis. Rankine cycle, effect of pressure and temperature on Rankine cycle, Reheat cycle, Regenerative cycle, Feed water heaters, Binary vapour cycle, Combined cycles, Cogeneration.

Fuels and Combustion:
Combustion analysis, heating values, air requirement, Air/Fuel ratio, standard heat of reaction and effect of temperature on standard heat of reaction, heat of formation, Adiabatic flame temperature.

UNIT III
Boilers:

Condenser:
Classification of condenser, air leakage, condenser performance parameters.

UNIT IV
Steam and Gas Nozzles:
Flow through Convergent and convergent-divergent nozzles, variation of velocity, area and specific volume, choked flow, throat area, Nozzle efficiency, Off design operation of nozzle, Shock waves stationary normal shock waves, Effect of friction on nozzle, Super saturated flow.

Steam Turbines:
Classification of steam turbine, Impulse and Reaction turbines, Staging, Stage and Overall efficiency, reheat factor, Bleeding, Velocity diagram of simple and compound multistage impulse and reaction turbines and related calculations, work done, efficiencies of reaction, Impulse reaction turbines, state point locus, Losses in steam turbines, Governing of turbines, Comparison with steam engine.

UNIT V
Gas Turbine:

Course Outcomes:
- After completing this course, the students will get a good understanding of various practical power cycles and heat pump cycles.
- They will be able to analyze energy conversion in various thermal devices such as combustors, air coolers, nozzles, diffusers, steam turbines and reciprocating compressors.
- They will be able to understand phenomena occurring in high speed compressible flows.

Books and References:
1. Basic and Applied Thermodynamics by P.K. Nag, mcgraw hill india.
3. Applied Thermodynamics for Engineering Technologists by Eastop, Pearson Education.
4. Applied Thermodynamics by Venkanna And Swati, PHI.
Objectives:
To develop capacity to predict the effect of force and motion in the course of carrying out the design functions of engineering.

UNIT-I:
Two-dimensional force systems: Basic concepts, Laws of motion, Principle of transmissibility of forces, transfer of a force to parallel position, resultant of a force system, simplest resultant of two dimensional concurrent and non-concurrent force systems, distribution of force systems, free body diagrams, equilibrium and equations of equilibrium.

UNIT-II:
Beam: Introduction, shear force and bending moment, different equations of equilibrium, shear force and bending moment diagram for statically determined beams.

UNIT-III:
Centroid and moment of inertia: Centroid of plane, curve, area, volume and composite bodies, moment of inertia of plane area, parallel axis theorem, perpendicular axis theorem, principle moment of inertia, mass moment of inertia of circular ring, disc, cylinder, sphere, and cone about their axis of symmetry.

UNIT-IV:
Kinematics of rigid body: Introduction, plane motion of rigid body, velocity and acceleration under translational and rotational motion, relative velocity.
Kinetics of rigid body: Introduction, force, mass and acceleration, work and energy, impulse and momentum, D’Alembert’s principle and dynamic equilibrium.

UNIT-V:
Simple stress and strain: Introduction, normal and shear stresses, stress-strain diagrams for ductile and brittle material, elastic constants, one-dimensional loading of members of varying cross sections, strain energy.
Pure bending of beams: Introduction, simple bending theory, stress in beams of different cross sections.
Torsion: Introduction, torsion of shafts of circular cross sections, torque and twist, shear stress due to torque.

Course Outcomes:
After completing this course, the students should be able to understand the various effect of force and motion on the engineering design structures.

Books and References:
MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

L-T-P
3-1-0

Objectives:
To motivate and challenge students to understand and develop an appreciation of the processes in correlation with material properties which change the shape, size and form of the raw materials into the desirable product by conventional or unconventional manufacturing methods.

UNIT-I
Conventional Manufacturing processes:
Casting and moulding: Metal casting processes and equipment, Heat transfer and solidification, shrinkage, riser design, casting defects and residual stresses. Introduction to bulk and sheet metal forming, plastic deformation and yield criteria; fundamentals of hot and cold working processes; load estimation for bulk forming (forging, rolling, extrusion, drawing) and sheet forming (shearing, deep drawing, bending) principles of powder metallurgy.

UNIT-II
Metal cutting:

UNIT-III
Grinding & Super finishing:
Super finishing: Honing, lapping and polishing.

UNIT-IV
Metal Joining (Welding):

UNIT-V
Unconventional Machining Processes:
Abrasive Jet Machining, Water Jet Machining, Abrasive Water Jet Machining, Ultrasonic Machining, principles and process parameters. Electrical Discharge Machining, principle and processes parameters, MRR, surface finish, tool wear, dielectric, power and control circuits, wire EDM; Electrochemical machining (ECM), etchant & maskant, process parameters, MRR and surface finish. Laser Beam Machining (LBM), Plasma Arc Machining (PAM) and Electron Beam Machining.

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of this course, students will be able to understand the different conventional and unconventional manufacturing methods employed for making different products.

Books and References:
3. Manufacturing Technology by P.N. Rao., MCGRAW HILL INDIA.
4. Materials and Manufacturing by Paul Degarmo.
5. Manufacturing Processes by Kaushish, PHI.
6. Principles of Foundry Technology, Jain, MCGRAW HILL INDIA
7. Production Technology by RK Jain.
8. Degarmo, Black & Kohser, Materials and Processes in Manufacturing.
APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS LAB

Objectives:
To understand the principles and performance of various boilers and engines.

List of Experiments: (At least 8 of the following)
1. Study of Fire Tube boiler.
2. Study of Water Tube boiler.
3. Study and working of Two stroke petrol Engine.
4. Study and working of Four stroke petrol Engine.
5. Determination of Indicated H.P. of I.C. Engine by Morse Test.
6. Prepare the heat balance sheet for Diesel Engine test rig.
7. Prepare the heat balance sheet for Petrol Engine test rig.
8. Study and working of two stroke Diesel Engine.
9. Study and working of four stroke Diesel Engine.
10. Study of Velocity compounded steam turbine.
11. Study of Pressure compounded steam turbine.
12. Study of Impulse & Reaction turbine.
13. Study of steam Engine model.

Course Outcomes:
The student who have undergone the course will be able to identify various properties of system.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS LAB

Objectives:
To motivate and challenge students to understand and develop an appreciation of the processes in correlation with material properties which change the shape, size and form of the raw materials into the desirable product by conventional or unconventional manufacturing methods.

List of Experiments: (At least 8 of the following along-with study of the machines/processes)
1. Shear-angle determination (using formula) with tube cutting (for orthogonal) on lathe machine.
2. Bolt (thread) making on Lathe machine.
3. Tool grinding (to provide tool angles) on tool-grinder machine.
5. Machining a block on shaper machine.
7. Drilling holes on drilling machine and study of twist-drill.
8. Study of different types of tools and its angles & materials.
9. Experiment on tool wear and tool life.
10. Experiment on jigs/Fixtures and its uses.
15. Study and understanding of limits, fits & tolerances.
16. Study of temperature measuring equipment’s.
17. Measurement using Strain gauge.
18. Experiment on dynamometers.
19. To study the displacement using LVDT.

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of this course, students will be able to understand the different conventional and unconventional manufacturing methods employed for making different products.

**COMPUTER AIDED MACHINE DRAWING-II LAB**

**Objectives:**
To provide an overview of how computers can be utilized in mechanical component design.

**Note:** All drawing conforms to BIS Codes.


**Limits, Fits and Tolerances:** General aspects, Nominal size and basic dimensions, Definitions, Basis of fit or limit system, Systems of specifying tolerances, Designation of holes, Shafts and fits, Commonly used holes and shafts. List of Standard Abbreviation used.

**Part Modelling:** Introduction to part modelling of simple machine components using any 3D software (like CATIA, PRO E, UGNX, Autodesk Inventor or SOLIDWORKS) covering all commands/ features to develop a part model (Minimum 24 machine components need to be developed).

**Part Modelling & Assemblies of:** Plummer Block Bearing, Machine Vice, Screw Jack, Engine Stuffing box, Lathe Tailstock, Feed Check Valve and Rams Bottom Safety Valve.

**Course Outcomes:**
Upon completion of this course, the students can use computer and CAD software for modelling mechanical components.

**Books and References:**
1. Textbook of Machine Drawing, K C John, PHI.
5. Engineering Graphics with AutoCAD, Bethune, PHI.
8. Autodesk Inventor by Examples, Sam Tikoo, Wiley.